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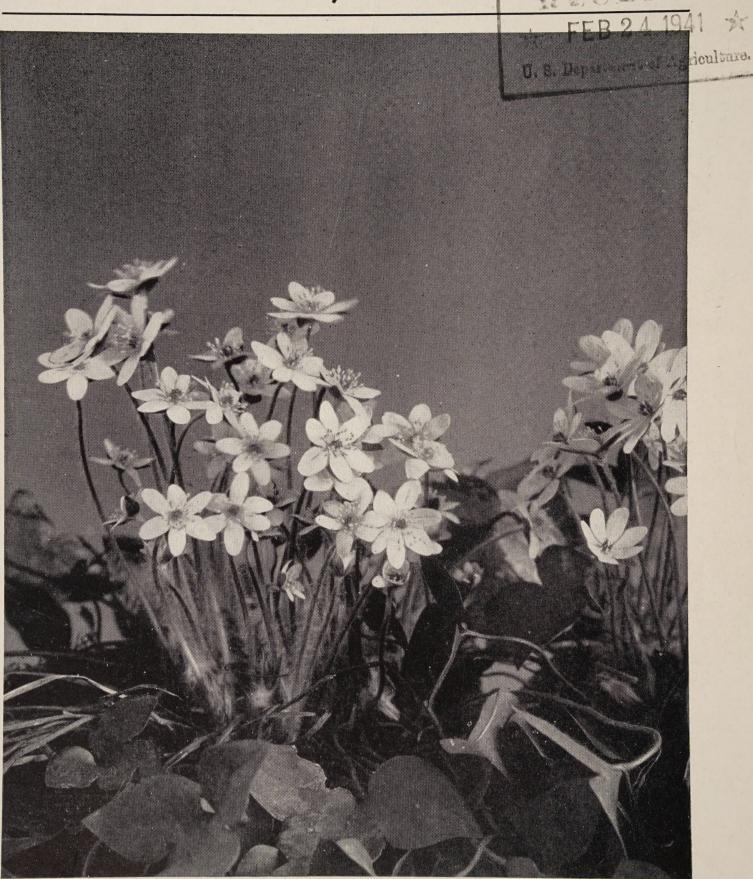


NATIVE AMERICAN

62.55

Ferns and Wild Flowers LIBRARY

1941



Hepatica acutiloba (Sharplobe Hepatica)

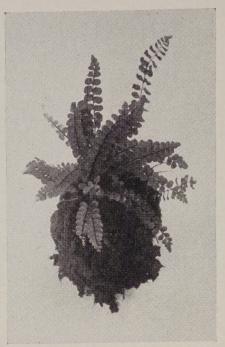
ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS

Exeter Wild Flower Gardens EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

INTRODUCTION

HERE at Exeter we have the largest shade houses devoted exclusively to the growing of Wild Flowers and Ferns in this country. We have over 300 species of selected Wild Flowers and Ferns growing under conditions favorable to the development of plants which can be transplanted to your garden successfully. The requirements of each species have been studied over a period of years, and those conditions necessary for producing specimen plants are carefully complied with.

The Exeter Wild Flower Gardens are located on the Newmarket Road, 1½ miles from Exeter. To reach us, drive through the Swasey Memorial Parkway, and go straight ahead on the Newmarket Road. After you pass under a railroad bridge, a Dutch Colonial brick house may be seen at the top of a hill. Look for the sign at the entrance. Visitors are always welcome.



Asplenium trichomanes (Maidenhair Spleenwort) See page 3

HOW TO ORDER WILD FLOWERS

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS. Please state how you wish your order shipped. If no instructions are sent by a customer, we will use our best judgment, but will not be responsible for delay in transit.

PRICES. All prices are for plants f.o.b. Exeter, transportation charges to be paid by the purchaser. Six plants of one kind will be sold at the dozen rate, fifty plants at the hundred rate. If a single plant of one kind is desired, take one-third of the rate given for three and add 5 cents. Leaf-mold and Pine Needles cannot be shipped by Parcel Post.

by full amounts in cash, and received not later than March 15, 1941, are subject to a 10 per cent discount.

TERMS. All orders should be accompanied by full amount in cash, check or money order.

CLAIMS. When the plants are received, examine carefully and, if damaged in transit, notify the transportation company at once, entering claim with them for the amount of the damage. We are not responsible for damage in transit, but if the plants are unsatisfactory through fault of ours, notify us at once, and we will either replace or refund your money. Any complaint regarding the quality of the plants must be made within 10 days of receipt of plants.

GUARANTEE. All plants are guaranteed true to name and free from disease. Each shipment will be accompanied by a Certificate of Inspection.

EXETER WILD FLOWER GARDENS

ISAAC LANGLEY WILLIAMS EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE TELEPHONE EXETER 450

Hardy Native Ferns

The Ferns are one of our most useful groups of plants. They grow best in shady locations, but some will thrive in full sun. The following Ferns are strong, clumpy plants and include the best varieties for general use.

ADIANTUM pedatum. American Maider Deciduous. Beautiful, feathery fron	nhair Fern. 2 ft	. 3	12	100
Shade		\$0.60	\$2 00	\$12 00
ASPLENIUM platyneuron. Ebony Splee Evergreen. Grows among the shade	ed rocks	. 75	2 50	15 00
trichomanes. Maidenhair Spleenwort. 4 Daintiest of the Ferns. Grows in cl			2 50	15 00
ATHYRIUM filixfemina. Lady Fern. 2 to One of the easiest to grow in partia			2 00	12 00
pycnocarpon. Narrowleaf Spleenwort. ous. Rich green. Vigorous fronds.	2 to 3 ft. Decidu	_	2 50	18 00
thelypteroides. Silvery Spleenwort. 2 similar to the Lady Fern, but with	to 3 ft. Deciduous		200	10 00
from the color of the spores. Parti-	al shade	. 75	2 50	15 00
BOTRYCHIUM virginianum. Rattlesnake Deciduous. For open woods			2 50	15 00
CAMPTOSORUS rhizophyllus. Walking Fronds 4 to 10 inches high that ta				
root from these tips. Grows on lime CYSTOPTERIS bulbifera. Berry Bladderf	estone cliffs. Shad	e 75	2 50	15 00
ciduous. Slender, graceful species the bank or brookside. Shade	nat prefers a mois	t	2 50	15 00
fragilis. Fragile Bladderfern. 1 ft. De small Fern that grows in rich soil	eciduous. Gracefu	,	2 00	10 00
sides		. 75	2 50	15 00
DENNSTÆDTIA punctilobula. Hayscen Deciduous. Graceful fronds that	form a dense ma	t		
as this species spreads from the roc Strong clumps		. 60	2 00	12 00
Square-foot sods DRYOPTERIS clintoniana. Clinton Wood			4 00	30 00
Evergreen. A large species suitable cristata. Crested Wood Fern. 1 to 2	le for moist wood ft. Evergreen.	s 75	2 50	12 00
smaller edition of the above that a mocks in grassy bogs		. 60	2 00	12 00
dilatata. Mountain Wood Fern. 2 ft. on high mountain peaks. Shade		. 90	3 00	20 00
filix-mas. Male Fern. 2 to 3 ft. A rare among rocks. Almost evergreen.	Shade	. 150	5 00	
goldiana. Goldie Fern. 3 to 4 ft. The la Ferns. It grows in rich, moist wood	ds. Deciduous	. 100	3 50	25 00
COLLECTION A 12 Asplenium plat 12 Asplenium trich 12 Polypodium vul	iomanes. Maidenh	air Spl	eenwort	2 50
Ferns for a 36 Ferns		v	Vorth .	. \$7 00
2 37110 101 11				



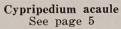
Adiantum pedatum (Maidenhair Fern) See page 3

HARDY NATIVE FERNS, continued

DRYOPTERIS hexagonoptera. Winged Wood Fern. 1 ft. Deciduous. Fronds are nearly as broad as tall. Shade linnæana. Oak Fern. 4 to 6 in. Deciduous. A tiny, grace-		\$3 00	100
ful species with triangular fronds and black stems. Shade marginalis. Leather Wood Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Evergreen.	60	2 00	\$12 00
Dark green. One of the best Wood Ferns. Grows in rocky woods	60	2 00	12 00
Makes a good ground-cover in shade phegopteris. Narrow Beech Fern. 6 to 12 in. Deciduous.	60	2 00	12 00
Will spread to cover a brookside bank spinulosa. Toothed Wood Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Evergreen.	60	2 00	12 00
Graceful fronds much used by florists. Shade thelypteris. Marsh Fern. 8 to 12 in. Grows in marshes	60	2 00	12 00
in either sun or shade. Deciduous	60	2 00	12 00
ft. Deciduous. A rare climbing species. Acid soil	1 50	5 00	
ONOCLEA sensibilis. Sensitive Fern. 1 to 2 ft. Deciduous. Grows to more than 2 feet in bogs. Sun or shade	60	2 00	12 00
OPHIOGLOSSUM vulgatum. Adderstongue. 6 in. A small Fern that grows in the open in damp meadows	75	2 50	18 00
OSMUNDA cinnamomea. Cinnamon Fern. 3 to 4 ft. Deciduous. Grows luxuriantly along our roadsides and in			
damp woods	75	2 50	15 00

COLLECTION B. Ferns for a Shady p	lace		
18 Adiantum pedatum. American Maidenhair Fern 12 Athyrium filixfemina. Lady Fern 12 Dryopteris marginalis. Leather Wood Fern 12 Dryopteris spinulosa. Toothed Wood Fern 12 Osmunda cinnamonea. Cinnamon Fern 12 Osmunda claytoniana. Interrupted Fern 18 Polystichum acrostichoides. Christmas Fern		2 2 2	00 00 00 00 00 50 50
96 Ferns	th .	\$17	00
This Collection for \$15.00 or half the Collection for	or \$8.	00	
HARDY NATIVE FERNS, continued			
OSMUNDA claytoniana. Interrupted Fern. 3 to 4 ft. Deciduous. Does well in either sun or shade	3 30 75	12 \$2 50	\$15 00
regalis. Royal Fern. 3 ft. Deciduous. One of our most beautiful Ferns that grows well in either sun or shade PELLÆA atropurpurea. Purple Cliff Brake. 6 to 12 in. A	75	2 50	15 00
native of sunny clefts in limestone ledges. Dark purple stems with bluish green fronds. Rare	1 50	5 00	
POLYPODIUM vulgare. Common Polypody. 6 in. Evergreen. Grows in mats on rocks in shade or partial shade POLYSTICHUM acrostichoides. Christmas Fern. 1 to 2 ft.	60	2 00	12 00
Evergreen. Grows well in any fairly rich woods brauni. Braun Hollyfern. 2 ft. A native of the deep,	60	2 00	12 00
rich rocky woods. Rare PTERETIS nodulosa. Ostrich Fern. 4 to 6 ft. Grows along	1 20	4 00	30 00
banks of streams and wet runs. Sun or shade. Deciduous	75	2 50	15 00
PTERIDIUM aquilinum. Bracken. 2 to 3 ft. Grows in full sun in dry, sandy soil. Deciduous	60	2 00	12 00
WOODSIA ilvensis. Rusty Woodsia. 6 in. Grows in crevices on ledges in full sun or partial shade. Deciduous obtusa. Common Woodsia. 8 to 12 in. Suitable for shad-	60	2 00	12 00
ed rocks. Deciduous	60	2 00	12 00
soil. Spores resemble chain-links. Deciduous virginica. Virginia Chain Fern. 2 to 3 ft. Grows in	60	2 00	15 00
swamps and bogs around shores of ponds. Deciduous	60	2 00	12 00
Handa Nation On hide			
Hardy Native Orchids			
pink Orchid that grows in bogs and wet places. June. \$ CALYPSO bulbosa. 3 to 6 in. Variegated pink, purple, and	$\begin{smallmatrix}3\\0.75\end{smallmatrix}$	\$2 50	\$15 00
yellow. Acid soil. May, June. Moist shade. Excellent for the moist, shady rock-garden	1 00	3 00	
large-flowered Ladyslipper grows best in pine woods, but grows well in hard woods if the soil is acid. May, June	75	2 50	15 00







Cypripedium spectabile See page 6

HARDY	NA	TIVE	ORCHIDS.	, continued
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CYPRIPEDIUM acaule alba. White Moccasin Flower. 1 ft.	3	12	100
The rare snow-white Cypripedium acaule. Requires acid soil \$1.00 each \$1.00 each	\$3 00	\$10 00	
arietinum. Ramshead Ladyslipper. 6 in. A beautiful rare pink and white Ladyslipper. May	3 00	10 00	
candidum. White Ladyslipper. 6 to 12 in. Tiny white slippers. Grows in a neutral to alkaline soil and needs	2.00	10.00	
constant moisture and open shade. May. \$1.00 each montanum. Mountain Ladyslipper. 1 to 2 ft. White sacs,	3 00	10 00	
brownish sepals. June. Shade. Large, fragrant blossoms with odor of vanilla	2 00	7 00	
pubescens. Yellow Ladyslipper. 1 to 2 ft. Pure yellow blossoms sometimes with purple lines. May, June.			
Shade spectabile. Showy Ladyslipper. 1 to 3 ft. The largest	90	3 00	\$20 00
and most showy of our native Orchids. Pink and white flowers in June. Requires moist shade	90	3 00	20 00
***************************************		_ 00	

COLLECTION C. Native Ladyslippers 6 Cypripedium acaule. Pink Moccasin Flower \$1 25 6 Cypripedium pubescens. Yellow Ladyslipper 1 50 6 Cypripedium spectabile. Showy Ladyslipper 1 50 18 Ladyslippers Worth \$4 25 This Collection for \$3.50

HARDY NATIVE ORCHIDS, continued			
GOODYERA pubescens. Rattlesnake Plantain. White blossoms on 1-foot spikes. The white-veined, nearly prostrate leaves make this plant very desirable. Blooms	3	12	100
in August in the pine woods HABENARIA blephariglottis. White Fringe-Orchid. Fragrant white fringed blossoms on 2-foot stalks in early	\$0 75	\$2 50	\$15 00
August in wet bogs ciliaris. Yellow Fringe-Orchid. Orange-yellow blossoms	1 50	5 00	
in August on 1 to 2-foot stems in wet meadows dilatata. White Bog-Orchid. 2 ft. A beautiful white	1 00	3 50	25 00
Orchid that blossoms in June fimbriata. Large Purple Fringe-Orchid. 2 to 3 ft. Our largest Habenaria, growing to 5 feet under favorable conditions. Fragrant lavender-pink flowers. June-	1 50	5 00	
August hookeri. Hooker Orchid. 8 to 15 in. Flowers yellowish green. It has two large basal leaves of shining green.	1 00	3 50	25 00
Blossoms in late June lacera. Green Fringe-Orchid. 1 to 2 ft. Grows in the open,	1 50	5 00	
moist fields. It has greenish yellow flowers. July orbiculata. Large Round-leaved Orchid. 1 ft. This Habenaria has two enormous basal leaves 4 to 7 inches in diameter, shining above, silvery beneath. Flowers	75	2 50	15 00
greenish white in July or August psycodes. Small Purple Fringe-Orchid. 1 to 2 ft. Grows somewhat smaller than the Fimbriata and has paler	1 50	5 00	
blossoms. Grows in shady bogs. July, August LIPARIS liliifolia. Lily Twayblade. 6 to 8 in. A small Orchid of the swamps, with delicate orchid-colored	1 00	3 50	25 00
orchis spectabilis. A 6-inch Showy Orchis, with white and	1 00	3 00	
lavender-pink fragrant blossoms. Grows well in the rich, shady woods. June POGONIA ophioglossoides. Rose Pogonia. This 10-inch	1 20	4 00	30 00
Orchid grows in sphagnum and cranberry bogs. Fragrant, pale rose-color flowers in June and July SPIRANTHES cernua. Nodding Ladies-tresses. Fall-blooming Orchid of our fields and meadows that has fragrant white flowers on 8-inch, twisted spikes. August, Sep-	75	2 50	15 00
tember gracilis. Slender Ladies-tresses. A more slender species	1 00	3 00	20 00
that grows in dry fields and open woods	1 00	3 00	
Hardy Native Aquatic and Bog	g-P	lants	3
ACORUS calamus. Sweetflag. 2 to 3 ft. Desirable for boggardens	3 \$0 60	12 \$2 00	100 \$12 00
ASCLEPIAS incarnata. Swamp Milkweed. 3 ft. Beautiful reddish flowers for the bog-garden or brookside. July	75	2 50	15 00
CALLA palustris. Wild Calla. 6 in. This white Calla blossoms in May in our shady bogs	60	2 00	12 00
CALTHA palustris. Marsh Marigold, 6 to 12 in. April CHELONE glabra. White Turtlehead. 2 to 3 ft. White, snapdragon-like flowers in August in either sun or	60	2 00	12 00
shade in moist bogs or along brooksides	60	2 00	12 00

HARDY NATIVE AQUATIC AND BOG-PLANTS,	cont	inued	
IRIS prismatica. Cubeseed Iris. 1 to 1½ ft. Blue flowers on grass-like foliage in damp meadows. June	3	\$2 00	100 \$12 00
versicolor. Blueflag Iris. 1 to 2 ft. The native Blueflag needed in every bog or brookside garden. June LYTHRUM salicaria. Purple Loosestrife. Grows 2 to 4 feet	60	2 00	12 00
tall, with brilliant purple spikes of flowers, along our brooks and ponds. July	60	2 00	12 00
MIMULUS ringens. Monkeyflower. 1 to 2 ft. A bog-plant that has blue monkey-like flowers in July	60	2 00	15 00
NUPHAR advena. Spatterdock or Cowlily. Yellow Cowlily that grows in ponds and quiet coves NYMPHÆA odorata. White Waterlily. Our best Waterlily.	75	2 50	15 00
Its fragrance and beauty cannot be adequately described. All summer	75	2 50	15 00
PELTANDRA virginica. Virginia Arrow-arum. This sphagnum bog-plant has bright green leaves 4 to 12 in. long PONTEDERIA cordata. Pickerelweed. 2 to 3 ft. The blue flower-spikes appear in July. Plant grows in shallow	75	2 50	18 00
water	60	2 00	12 00
SAGITTARIA latifolia. Arrowhead. Grows in shallow water and has broad, arrow-shaped leaves. The white flowers appear in July on 2-foot stems	60	2 00	12 00
SARRACENIA flava. Trumpet Pitcherplant. 2 ft. This has elongated "pitchers." The flowers are yellow purpurea. Pitcherplant. 1 to 1½ ft. The Red-flowered Pitcherplant of New England. "Pitchers" are filled	75	2 50	18 00
water which contains drowned insects. July	60	2 00	12 00
open THALICTRUM polygamum. Tall Meadowrue. 4 ft. Grows	60	2 00	15 00
in either sun or shade and has graceful, showy white flowers in July and August	60	2 00	12 00
TYPHA angustifolia. Narrowleaf Cattail. 4 to 6 ft. A narrow-leaved form of the Cattail that grows in salt marshes, occurring rather rarely inland latifolia. Common Cattail. 4 to 6 ft. An interesting and	75	2 50	15 00
different bog-plant VERATRUM viride. American False Hellebore. 2 to 4 ft.	60	2 00	12 00
Its broad bright green leaves are practically the first to appear in the spring along our brooks and runs	60	2 00	12 00
Hardy Native Lilies and Bulbou	s P	lant	S
ARISÆMA dracontium. Dragonroot. 2 to 3 ft. A peculiar	3	12	100
form of Jack-in-the-Pulpit in that it has a long, tapering spadix triphyllum. Jack-in-the-Pulpit. 1 to 3 ft. Jack readily makes himself at home in the wild garden in moist	80 60	\$2 00	\$12 00
shade CAMASSIA esculenta. Wild Hyacinth. 2 ft. Pink. April,	60	2 00	12 00
May. Rich open shade. Very showy in masses CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily-of-the-Valley. 4 to 8 in. Fragrant white flowers in May. A good ground-cover for	60	2 00	12 00
a shady place	60	2 00	12 00



Trillium grandiflorum (Snow Trillium) See page 10

HARDY NATIVE LILIES and BULBOUS PLANTS, continued

DICENTRA canadensis. Squirrelcorn, 6 to 12 in. An excellent rock-garden plant with white, heart-shaped flow-	3	12	100
ers. Graceful, deeply cut foliage. April, May. Shade cucullaria. Dutchman's-Breeches. 6 to 12 in. Similar to	\$0 60	\$2 00	\$12 00
the Squirrelcorn except that the flowers remind one of a Dutchman's breeches. April, May. Shade eximia. Fringed Bleedingheart. 1 to 2 ft. Graceful fern-	60	2 00	12 00
like foliage and pink flowers all summer. Needs partial shade	75	2 50	15 00
ERYTHRONIUM. Dogtooth Violet. May. Partial shade. albidum. White Troutlily. 4 to 6 in. A fine white form			
of Erythronium	60	2 00	12 00

COLLECTION D. Hardy Native Lilies FALL ONLY

12 Lilium	canadense. Canada Lily						. \$2 50
12 Lilium	columbianum			٠.,.			5 00
	philadelphicum. Orangecup Lil superbum. Turkscap Lily						
	superbum. Turkscup Eny						
48 Lilies				Wor	th		. \$12 50

This Collection for \$10.00 or half the Collection for \$5.50

HARDY NATIVE LILIES and BULBOUS PLANT	S, cor	itinued	
ERYTHRONIUM americanum. Yellow Troutlily. 4 to 6 in.	3	12	100
The Common Adders-Tongue of New England, with spotted leaves	\$0 60	\$2 00	\$12 00
grandiflorum robustum. Bright buttercup-yellow. Always attractive	50	1 50	10 00
hendersoni. 8 in. Large mottled brown leaves. Color	00	100	10 00
lovely light purple, centers deep maroon. Very attractive	50	1 50	10 00
LILIUM canadense. Canada or Meadow Lily. 3 to 5 ft. Pale			
yellow to red blossoms in July in our meadows and along roadsides. Excellent for planting in shrubbery	75	2 50	15 00
canadense flavum. Yellow Canada Lily	$\begin{array}{c} 90 \\ 100 \end{array}$	$\frac{300}{350}$	20 00
carolinianum. Carolina Lily. 3 to 4 ft. An orange-red Lily native to dry woods. July	1 00	3 50	
columbianum, 2½ to 3 ft. Golden vellow, spotted ma-			
roon. Open sun. July grayi. Gray's Lily. 2 to 3 ft. Small red mountain Lily	1 50	5 00	
from the highest peaks of North Carolina. July	1 50	4 00	
pardalinum. Leopard Bog Lily. 5 to 7 ft. Bright orange to deep orange-scarlet. Easily grown in fairly wet		.	
soil with good drainage and partial shade	1 50	5 00	
Lily that grows in dry woodlands and among the sweetferns and blueberries. Needs an acid soil. July	75	2 50	15 00
superbum. Turkscap Lily. 4 to 6 ft. Orange-scarlet to	10	2 00	10 00
red; spotted inside. July. Our easiest-grown native	75	2 50	15 00
tigrinum. Old-fashioned Tiger Lily. Naturalized around old houses and deserted cellar-holes. July, August	60	2 00	12 00
MERTENSIA virginica. Virginia Bluebells. 1½ ft. Our			
fastest selling native plant. Its nodding blue bells bloom pink and turn to the clearest blue. May. Strong			
bulbs	60 75	$\frac{200}{250}$	$12\ 00$ $15\ 00$
SANGUINARIA canadensis. Bloodroot. 6 in. Pure white	10	2 00	10 00
flowers in April TRILLIUM cernuum. Nodding Trillium. 1 ft. A nodding	60	2 00	12 00
Trillium with white blossoms. May	75	2 50	15 00
erectum. Purple Trillium. 1 ft. One of the earliest Trilliums to blossom. April, May	60	2 00	12 00
grandiflorum. Snow Trillium. 1 to 1½ ft. Large, snow- white flowers in early spring. Excellent for naturaliz-			
ing under trees or in the garden. May	60	2 00	12 00
COLLECTION E. Native Trillium	S		
12 Trillium erectum. Purple Trillium 12 Trillium grandiflorum. Snow Trillium 12 Trillium luteum. Yellow Trillium 12 Trillium stylosum. Rose Trillium 12 Trillium undulatum. Painted Trillium		2 2	00 00 50 00 00
60 Trilliums	rth .	\$10	50
This Collection for \$9.00 or half the Collection f	or \$5.	00	

HARDY NATIVE LILIES and BULBOUS PLANTS, co	ntinued	
TRILLIUM luteum. Yellow Trillium. 1 to 1½ ft. A rare 3	12	100
Trillium that has large mottled leaves and yellow flowers in May in the shady border or woods \$0.75	\$2 50	\$15 00
nivale. Dwarf Trillium. Clear white flowers on 4 to 6-inch stems. April 75	2 50	15 00
recurvatum. Prairie Trillium. 1 ft. Reddish brown flow-	2 00	12 00
sessile californicum. 1 ft. Pure white. May. Very attractive. Highly fragrant, resembling the odor of	b.	
Lily-of-the-valley 75	2 50	15 00
stylosum. Rose Trillium. 12 to 15 in. Rosy pink flowers in May 60	2 00	12 00
undulatum. Painted Trillium. 1 to 1½ ft. A white Trillium with deep pink markings. May 60	2 00	12 00

Hardy Native Wild Flowers and Ground-Cover Plants

ACONITUM uncinatum. Clambering Monkshood. 3 to 6 ft. This plant, with its attractive blue flowers in July, is from the southern mountains. Rich soil in partial	3	12	100
shade	\$0.75	\$2 50	\$15 00
ACTÆA alba. White Baneberry. 2 ft. Grows in rich soil in shade and has white blossoms followed by a cluster of			
waxy white berries on red stemsrubra. Red Baneberry. 2 ft. Flowers white, followed by	75	2 50	15 00
a cluster of bright red berries. Shade	75	$2\ 50$	15 00
ANAPHALIS margaritacea. Pearly Everlasting. 1 to 2 ft. An excellent flower for drying	60	2 00	12 00
ANEMONE canadensis. Meadow Anemone. 1 to 2 ft. White			
blossoms from May to July	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
cylindrica. Thimbleweed. 2 to 3 ft. Creamy white blos-			
soms followed by seeds in late summer that are a mass of cotton that lasts all winter. June	60	2 00	12 00
patens nuttalliana. American Pasque Flower. 6 to 16 in.	00	2 00	12 00
Cut foliage with light bluish purple blossoms. Good			
rock-garden plant. Full sun. May, early June	75	2 50	15 00
quinquefolia. American Wood Anemone. 6 in. Pure white			
blossoms in May in moist shade	60	2 00	$12\ 00$
ANEMONELLA thalictroides. Rue Anemone. 6 in. Pure white blossoms in May. Fern-like foliage. Delights			
in a shady spot in the rock-garden	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
AQUILEGIA cærulea. Rocky Mountain Columbine. Large			
blue and white flowers. June	1 00	3 50	
canadensis. American Columbine. 1 to 2 ft. Our best			
rock-plant with its profusion of red and yellow flowers in May. Grows in either sun or shade	75	0.50	15.00
chrysantha. Yellow Columbine. 2 ft. Pure yellow. Blooms	75	250	15 00
all summer. Sun	75	2 50	15 00
ARALIA nudicaulis. Wild Sarsaparilla. 1 ft. Large blue		200	10 00
berries in late summer, in shade	60	2 00	12 00
racemosa. American Spikenard. 2 to 3 ft. Moist shade.			12 00
Red berries	90	3 00	



Mertensia virginica (Virginia Bluebell) See page 10

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued

ARENARIA stricta. Sandwort. 5 to 10 in. White. Late		12	100
summer. Excellent for the sunny rock-garden \$	0 75	\$2 50	
ARUNCUS sylvester. Goat's-beard. 3 to 7 ft. Blossoms			
white in large branched clusters. June. Shade	75	$2\ 50$	\$15 00
ASARUM canadense. Canada Wild Ginger. 3 to 6 in. A			
creeping plant with curious chocolate-brown blossoms			
hidden under the beautiful leaves. Good ground-cover			
plant in partial shade. Ginger-flavored root	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
virginicum. Heartleaf Wild Ginger. 3 to 6 in. Large,			
thick evergreen leaves. Shade	75	250	$18\ 00$
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterfly Weed. 1 ft. Gorgeous			
orange flowers in dry soil. Full sun. July and August	75	$2\ 50$	15 00
ASTER cordifolius. Heartleaved Aster. 1 to 3 ft. Lavender			
flowers in profusion in September and October. Frost-			
resistant	60	2 00	12 00
ericoides. Heath Aster. 1 to 3 ft. Bears a profusion of			00
snow-white flowers in September	60	2 00	12 00
linariifolius. Savory-leaved Aster. 6 to 18 in. A tufted			
plant with violet flowers. Requires a sandy, acid soil	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
novæ-angliæ. New England Aster. 3 to 7 ft. Gorgeous			
royal purple blossoms from mid-August to late Sep-			
tember	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
novi-belgi. New York Aster. 3 to 5 ft. Violet-blue flow-			
ers in profusion in September	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	TS. co	ntinued
ASTER umbellatus. Flat-top Aster. 5 to 7 ft. Large showy	3	12	100
white flowers. Good for naturalizing in moist shade undulatus. Wave Aster. 2 ft. Violet-blue flowers in Sep-	\$0 60	\$2 00	\$12 00
tember BAPTISIA australis. Blue False Indigo. 4 to 6 ft. Indigo-	60	2 00	12 00
blue. July, August. Worthy of a place in any garden bracteata. Cream Wild-indigo. Tall 1-foot racemes of	75	2 50	15 00
pure white. Prefers open, dry slopes. June leucantha. White Wild-indigo. 1 to 1½ ft. Full sun, in	75	2 50	15 00
June tinctoria. Yellow Wild-indigo. 2 to 3 ft. Yellow flowers	75 75	2 50	15 00 15 00
in late summer CALLIRHOE triangulata. Poppy-Mallow. 1½ to 2½ ft. Deep purple. Dry soil. August, September	75	2 50	15 00
CAMPANULA rotundifolia. Bluebells of Scotland. 6 to 12 in. A pretty little plant especially suited for crevices in the rock-garden. Deep violet-blue flowers through-	19	2 30	
out the summer CASSIA marilandica. Wild Senna. 3 to 4 ft. Large, yellow,	90	3 00	20 00
bell-shaped flowers in late summer CAULOPHYLLUM thalictroides. Blue Cohosh. 2 ft. New shoots are royal purple. Flowers greenish yellow, fol-	75	2 50	15 00
lowed by blue berries that last all fall. Shade CHELONE glabra. White Turtlehead. 2 to 3 ft. White,	60	2 00	12 00
snapdragon-like flowers in August in either sun or shade in moist bogs or along brooksides	60	2 00	12 00
Fine for cutting. August and September	75	2 50	15 00
green leaves spotted with white. Flowers white. July umbellata. Common Pipsissewa. 6 in. Waxy green	1 00	3 00	
leaves. White flowers. Fine for shade. July CHIOGENES hispidula. Creeping Snowberry. A beautiful creeping evergreen vine with waxy white berries. Requires acid soil and thrives in moist shade on rotten	60	2 00	12 00
logs or stumps. Potted plants CIMICIFUGA americana. American Bugbane. 2 to 3 ft. In	90	3 00	20 00
moist shade	60	2 00	12 00
in August in moist, partial shade	75	2 50	15 00
cate white flowers, striped with pink, come in earliest spring. Partial shade CLINTONIA borealis. Bluebead. 8 in. Glossy green, pros-	60	2 00	12 00
trate leaves and yellow, lily-like flowers followed by bright blue berries in late summer. Moist shade	60	2 00	12 00
in shade. Almost evergreen leaves with white blossoms in May CORNUS canadensis. Bunchberry. 6 in. An excellent ground-	60	2 00	12 00
cover for acid shade. White flowers, like flowering dogwood, and bright red berries. May and June	75	2 50	15 00
CORYDALIS glauca. Pale Corydalis. 2 ft. Pink, heart-shaped blossoms. Sun or shade. Biennial. Seeds freely	75	2 50	15 00
DALIBARDA repens. Dalibarda. 2 to 3 in. White. Creeping evergreen ground-cover. Shade. July	75	2 50	15 00





Asarum canadense (Wild Ginger)

Houstonia cærulea (Bluets)

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	ITS, co	ntinued
DELPHINIUM tricorne. Rock Larkspur. 1 ft. Dark blue.	3	12	100
Open sun. June		\$2 50	\$15 00
DENTARIA diphylla. Crinkleroot. 6 to 9 in. White. April,			
May. Rich shade. Clusters of white blossoms with cut foliage	60	2 00	12 00
DESMODIUM canadense. Canada Tick-Trefoil. 2 to 6 ft.	00	2 00	12 00
Purple flowers. Sandy loam. Sun or partial shade	75	2 50	15 00
DODECATHEON meadia. Shooting Star. Delightful white	••	_ 00	10 00
to pink blossoms on 1 to 2-ft. stems. Sun or open woods	75	2 50	15 00
ECHINACEA purpurea. Purple Coneflower. 2 ft. July.			
Open sun in common garden soil	75	$2\ 50$	15 00
EPIGÆA repens. Trailing Arbutus. The well-known May-			
flower with its delightful fragrance. It should be			
planted in acid soil. The soil under pine trees is ideal and the plants should be shaded with pine needles			
when planted. We have several thousand growing in			
our shade beds. Plants are shipped B&B. 75c each	1 50	5 00	35 00
EPILOBIUM angustifolium. Fireweed or Blooming Sally			30 00
3 to 4 ft. Pink-purple. Sun. July	60	2 00	12 00
EUPATORIUM cœlestinum. Mistflower. 2 ft. Blue. Open			
woods. August	75	250	$15\ 00$
perfoliatum. Boneset. 2 to 3 ft. White. Bogs purpureum. Joe-pye-weed. 4 to 6 ft. Rosy purple. Bogs	60	200	12 00
urticæfolium. Snow Thoroughwort. 2 to 3 ft. Broad	60	2 00	12 00
flower-heads of pure white in August and September			
in open, moist woods	60	2 00	12 00
EUPHORBIA corollata. Flowering Spurge. 2 ft. White			
July-September. Rich sandy soil. Very attractive			
Open sun	75	2 50	15 00

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
FILIPENDULA rubra. Queen of the Prairie. Pink Spirea. 3 to 6 ft. Peach-pink. June, July. Open sun in com-	3	12	100
mon garden soil GALAX aphylla. Galax. 1 ft. This plant prefers acid shade	\$0 75	\$2 50	\$15 00
and has a 6-inch spike of white flowers in June. Ever- green leaves	75	2 50	15 00
GAULTHERIA procumbens. Wintergreen. 2 to 6 in. An evergreen ground-cover with aromatic leaves. Bright red berries all winter. It grows in sun or partial shade			
and requires an acid soil GENTIANA andrewsi. Closed Gentian. 1 to 1½ ft. The	60	2 00	12 00
purple-blue flowers come in September. Easily grown in moist sun or shade	60 60	$\begin{array}{c} 2\ 00 \\ 2\ 00 \end{array}$	$12\ 00$ $12\ 00$
linearis. Narrowleaf Gentian. 1½ ft. A porcelain-blue Blind Gentian that blossoms in August	60	2 00	12 00
GERANIUM maculatum. Wild Geranium. 1 ft. A native of the woods and fields. Rose-purple blossoms in May and June	60	2 00	12 00
robertianum. Herb Robert. 1 ft. Native of the rocky woods, with a more intense pink blossom	60	2 00	12 00
HELENIUM autumnale. Sneezeweed. 3 to 5 ft. August- October. Large clusters of brown, orange, and yellow flowers with brown discs. Requires moisture and open			
sun, Exceptionally good for autumn gardens HELIANTHUS giganteus. Tall Sunflower. 4 to 6 ft. Yellow.	75	2 50	15 00
September, October. Full sun. Good for autumn border HEPATICA acutiloba. Sharplobe Hepatica. 8 in. White to	60	2 00	12 00
purple blossoms in April. Evergreen. Requires some shade triloba. Roundlobe Hepatica. 8 in. An acid-soil Hepatica	75	2 50	15 00
with white to blue flowers HEUCHERA americana. American Alum-root. 1 to 2 ft.	75	2 50	15 00
Large, beautifully mottled leaves and lacy greenish white flowers in late June	75	2 50	15 00
HOUSTONIA cærulea. Bluets. 3 to 4 in. Dainty cushion- like plant with pale blue to white blossoms in the open	60	2 00	12 00
sun or partial shade in April serpyllifolia. Creeping Bluets. 3 to 6 in. Blue flowers. A fine rock-garden plant	75	2 50	15 00
HYDRASTIS canadensis. Goldenseal. 1 to 1½ ft. A fine medicinal herb	75	2 50	15 00
HYPOXIS hirsuta. Yellow Stargrass. 4 to 6 in. Yellow. Open sun or partial shade. Dry soil. An interesting plant	60	2 00	12 00
INULA helenium. Elecampane. 2 ft. Sunflower-like blossoms in midsummer in moist shade	75	2 50	15 00
IRIS cristata. Crested Iris. 4 in. A fine rock-garden plant in either sun or shade. Sky-blue flowers. May lacustris. Dwarf Lake Iris. 3 to 4 in. A dwarf Iris from the gravelly shores of Lake Huron. Lilac-blue flowers	75	2 50	15 00
in May. Moist soil in shade. Rare \$1.00 each verna. Vernal Iris. Blue flowers on 4-inch stems in dry	3 00		
woods or the rock-garden. May ISOPYRUM biternatum. False Rue Anemone. White. Moist,	75	2 50	15 00
shady places. Excellent for the woodland path. April,	60	2 00	12 00

2 Asarum canadense. Canada Wild Ginger	\$2 00
2 Coptis trifolia. Goldthread	200
2 Dalibarda repens. Dalibarda	2 50
2 Gaultheria procumbens. Wintergreen	2 00
2 Maianthemum canadense. False Lily-of-the Valley	2 00
2 Mitchella repens. Partridgeberry	2 00
2 Tiarella cordifolia. Foamflower	2 00
_	
4 Plants	n \$14 50

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued

JEFFERSONIA diphylla. Twinleaf. White flowers on 6 to	3	12	100
8-inch stems. Shade. April, May		\$2 50	\$15 00
LATHYRUS maritimus. Beach Pea. Purple blossoms on	T	7	,
1 to 2-foot vines. Sandy soil. Sun. June	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
LESPEDEZA capitata. Roundhead Bushclover. Yellowish white blossoms on 2 to 5-foot stems. Dry, gravelly			
soil. Sun. July	60	2~00	$12\ 00$
LEWISIA rediviva. Bitterroot. A dense rosette of leaves through which arise many stems, each bearing a single white to pink flower 1½ inches across. Most effective			
in little raised pockets in the rock-garden. May	90	3 00	
tweedyi. 3 to 5 in. An interesting plant resembling a			
broad-leaved cactus with soft salmon-pink blossoms. A			
full-grown plant has as many as 300 blossoms at one			
time. Unexcelled as a rock-garden plant. Sun. April,			
May	$3\ 00$		
LIATRIS pycnostachya. Cattail Gayfeather. 3 ft. Deep			
pink blossoms in August. Sun	60	2 00	12 00
scariosa. Button Gayfeather. 2 ft. Pink blossoms in		10	- -
August. Sun	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
scariosa alba. White Button Gayfeather. 3 to 4 ft. This			
new white form of the Gayfeather is a welcome addi-			
tion to the late summer garden and is an ideal cut-			
flower. A striking accent plant, it sends forth sturdy			
spikes of white, fluffy flowers closely set on the stem.			
August and September	1 50	$5\ 00$	
spicata. Spike Gayfeather. 3 to 5 ft. Deep rose blossoms			
in August	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$

Leaf-Mold Peat

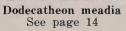
Most of the Wild Flowers and Ferns grow naturally in a soil composed largely of Leaf-Mold. We are offering finely ground, screened Leaf-Mold in 2-bushel bags. Weight 100 lbs. The Leaf-Mold should be mixed with the soil to the depth of several inches. It retains moisture, and also greatly benefits the condition of the soil. 2 bu. bag, \$2.50. By express or freight only.

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	NTS, co	ntinued
LINARIA vulgaris. Common Toadflax. 1 ft. Yellow blossoms in July and August. Light, sandy soil	3 \$0 60	12 \$2 00	100 \$12 00
LINNÆA americana. Twinflower. Dainty pink flowers in pairs. Evergreen vine. Shade. July LOBELIA cardinalis. Cardinal Flower. Bright scarlet flowers in 6-inch spikes on 2 to 3-foot stalks. Easily naturalized in the perennial border. Mulch for winter.	75	2 50	15 00
July and August syphilitica. Large Blue Lobelia. 1 to 3 ft. Similar to the	75	2 50	15 00
Cardinal Flower except that the flowers are blue	75	2 50	15 00
LYCHNIS flos-cuculi. Ragged Robin. 1 to 2 ft. Blue, Pink, or White. Open sun. Moisture, May, June	60	2 00	12 00
LYSIMACHIA nummularia. Moneywort. A very vigorous ground-cover. Yellow flowers. June quadrifolia. Whorled Loosestrife. Open sun or partial	60	2 00	12 00
shade. Yellow flowers in light racemes on 2-foct stems. Moist soil in June and July	60	2 00	12 00
terrestris. Swampcandle. 2 ft. Spikes of good yellow in sunny bogs and marshes. July, August	60	2 00	12 00
tythrum salicaria. Purple Loosestrife. Spikes of purple flowers on 2 to 4-foot stems in July and August, in our bogs and along streams MAIANTHEMUM canadense. False Lily-of-the-Valley. Spikes of white flowers on 4-inch stems, followed by red berries. A good ground-cover for dry woods. May	60 60	2 00	12 00
MEDEOLA virginica. Cucumber-root. Curious whorled leaves on 1 to 2-foot stems. Greenish yellow flowers followed by blue fruits. May	60	2 00	12 00
MENTHA piperita. Peppermint. 1 to 3 ft. White. Full sun, moist soil. July-September spicata. Spearmint. 1 to 2 ft. All of us know the aromatic flavor of the leaves of this plant. For planting	60	2 00	12 00
in moist ground. July-September	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
MITCHELLA repens. Partridgeberry. One of the best ground-covers for a shady place with its evergreen leaves, pink and white blossoms in June, and its scarlet berries in the fall	60	2 00	12 00
MITELLA diphylla. Bishopscap. The white flowers appear in May on 1-foot stems. For the shady rock-garden	60	2 00	12 00
MONARDA fistulosa. Wildbergamot. Lavender blossoms on 2 to 4-foot stems in midsummer	60	2 00	12 00

Pine Needles

These are very useful for a mulch around acid-loving plants, such as Trailing Arbutus and Cypripedium acaule. Pine Needles may also be mixed to a depth of several inches in the soil where one is going to plant any of the acid-loving plants, particularly the Cypripedium acaule. These Pine Needles will be partially decomposed, and are ideal for the purpose intended. Price per 2-bu. bag, \$1.00; 10 bags, \$5.00. By express or freight only.







Gentiana andrewsi See page 15

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER I	PLAN	TS, con	ntinued
MONESES uniflora. One-flowered Pyrola. A Pyrola with delightful, single, waxy white flowers on 4-inch stems	3	12	100
	30 75	\$2 50	\$15 00
MYOSOTIS scorpioides. True Forget-me-not. 6 to 18 in. Blue with yellow eye. A very attractive ground-cover			
for moist or wet locations. Sun or shade. May-July	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
NEPETA cataria. Catnip. 2 ft. Naturalized from Europe hederacea. Ground-ivy. A ground-cover for the herb-	60	2 00	12 00
garden in either sun or shade. Pale blue flowers	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
OXALIS acetosella. True Woodsorrel. 2 to 6 in. White or Pink. Veined deep pink. Moist shade. Excellent for a ground-cover in the woods or shady, moist rock-			
garden. May-July violacea. Woodsorrel. The plant grows from 4 to 9 inches	60	2 00	12 00
tall and has dainty pink blossoms. May, June	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
PARNASSIA caroliniana. Grass of Parnassus. White, waxy blossoms on 1-foot stems in August, in open bogs and moist places	60	2 00	12 00
PEDICULARIS canadensis. Early Woodbetony. A curious, dry-soil plant with gray-green leaves and brown and			
yellow flowers in June	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$
PENTSTEMON digitalis. Foxglove Pentstemon. 1½ to 2 ft. Waxy white. July grandiflorus. Shell-leaf Pentstemon. 2 to 4 ft. Lilac, lav-	75	2 50	15 00
ender-blue. Open sun. An excellent variety. May, June hirsutus. Hairy Beard-tongue. 1 to 3 ft. Purplish or	75	2 50	15 00
violet. Partial shade. Good in the partly shaded border. May-July	60	2 00	

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLA	NTS, co	ntinued
PHLOX amœna. Amoena Phlox. Low-growing Phlox with pink blossoms. May, June bifida. Cleft Phlox. 3 to 6 in. A low-growing Phlox from	3 \$0 60	12 \$2 00	100 \$12 00
the sandy lands of the Middle West. Pale purple. Sun or shade. May, June divaricata. Blue Phlox. Excellent for naturalizing in	75	2 50	15 00
woods with its lavender-blue flowers on 1-foot stems in May divaricata alba. Rare white variety of Divaricata glaberrima. Smooth Phlox. A prairie Phlox that grows	60 90	$\begin{array}{c} 2\ 00 \\ 3\ 50 \end{array}$	12 00
1 to 3 feet high, with pink blossoms in July ovata. Mountain Phlox. 1 ft. A native of the southern mountains. It has beautiful pink flowers in June in	60	2 00	12 00
sun or shade	75	2 50	15 00
pilosa. Prairie Phlox. 1 ft. Pink flowers in June stolonifera. Creeping Phlox. One of the best ground-covers for the dry woods. Large violet flowers in early	75	2 50	15 00
June	75	2 50	15 00
PODOPHYLLUM peltatum. May Apple. White flowers in May on 1-foot stems in the open woods POLEMONIUM reptans. Greek Valerian. Blue. Shade. Good blue for the shady rock-garden or perennial bor-	60	2 00	12 00
der. April, May	75	$2\ 50$	$15\ 00$
POLYGALA paucifolia. Fringed Polygala. Dainty rose- purple flower on a 4-inch stem in May. Prefers dry shade	75	2 50	15 00
POLYGONATUM biflorum. Solomonseal. White bells in May along the underside of an arching 1 to 1½-foot spray of leaves, followed by blue berries all summer,			
in open woods	60	2 00	12 00
in moist, open fields. May POTENTILLA tridentata. Wineleaf Cinquefoil. A wonderful ground-cover for open rocks and gravelly soil. Small,	75	2 50	15 00
waxy leaves that turn wine-colored in the fall. Rock- garden plant. June PYROLA americana. Roundleaf Pyrola. Leathery, light green leaves, with fragrant, waxy white flowers on an	75	2 50	15 00
8-inch stem in July. Shade	60	2 00	12 00
elliptica. Shinleaf. Similar to Pyrola americana but the leaves are not evergreen. July	60	2 00	12 00
RANUNCULUS bulbosus. Bulbous Buttercup. Grows in compact clumps with large yellow flowers on 1-foot	60	2 00	12 00
stems in June and July	00	2 00	12 00
RUDBECKIA hirta. Black-eyed-Susan. 2 ft. Orange-yellow with purple-brown centers. A biennial. July SALVIA azurea. Azure Salvia. 2 to 5 ft. Azure-blue. Open	60	2 00	12 00
sun. Excellent color. Good cut-flower. July-September SANGUISORBA canadensis. American Burnet. 4 ft. Tall	75	2 50	15 00
spikes of creamy white flowers. Grows in wet meadows and along brooks. August	75	2 50	15 00
SAXIFRAGA pennsylvanica. Swamp Saxifrage. A rosette of waxy green leaves from which the 2-foot flower-stalk grows. Flowers greenish	75	2 50	15 00
virginiensis. Virginia Saxifrage. 6 in. Easily grown rock- plant that likes sun or partial shade. White. April	60	2 00	12 00



Sanguinaria canadensis (Bloodroot) See page 10

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	ITS, co	ntinued
SHORTIA galacifolia. Oconee-bells. 6 in. Evergreen ground-cover, with bell-shaped white flowers. Suited for shade.		12	100
May		\$3 50	\$25 00
SILENE stellata. Starry Campion. 2 ft. Fringed white flowers in July and August virginica. Firepink. 1 ft. Brilliant scarlet flowers in	60	2 00	12 00
June. Sun or partial shade	75	2 50	15~00
SISYRINCHIUM angustifolium. Blue-eyed-Grass. 6 to 12 in. Deep violet-blue. Open sun. Very effective in large masses. May-July	60	2 00	12 00
SMILACINA racemosa. False Solomonseal. 2 ft. White	00	2 00	12 00
flowers in May followed by a cluster of red berries.			
Sun or partial shade	60	2~00	12 00
SOLIDAGO bicolor. Silver-rod. 2 ft. A small white Goldenrod nemoralis. Dwarf Goldenrod. 6 to 18 in. A dwarf type	60	2 00	12 00
of Goldenrod sempervirens. Seaside Goldenrod. 2 to 4 ft. Grows in the	60	2 00	12 00
sand along our beaches and also in salt marshes STENANTHIUM robustum. Featherfleece. 3 to 5 ft. White.	60	2 00	12 00
Sun. Moist locations. July-September STREPTOPUS roseus. Twistedstalk. 2 ft. Pink flowers in	75	2 50	15 00
May, followed by scarlet berries in July, on stout twisted stalks. Rich soil in partial shade	75	0.50	15.00
STYLOPHORUM diphyllum. Celandine-poppy. Yellow ter-	75	2 50	15 00
minal flowers on 1 to 1½-foot stems in May in either			
sun or shade	60	$2\ 00$	$12\ 00$

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER	PLAN	TS, co	ntinued
THALICTRUM dioicum. Early Meadowrue. 2 ft. Misty purplish flowers in May in rich woods polygamum. Tall Meadowrue. 4 to 8 ft. Very showy	3 80 60	\$2 00	100 \$12 00
white flowers in summer. Prefers moist meadows or bogs in sun or shade. July, August	60	2 00	12 00
THERMOPSIS caroliniana. Carolina Thermopsis. 4 ft. Clear yellow. Open sun. Cloverlike foliage. Lupine-like blossoms of clear canary-yellow. Very good plant-	75	9 50	15 00
ed with delphiniums. June, July TIARELLA cordifolia. Foamflower. 6 to 8 in. Fluffy heads	75	2 50	19 00
of white. Fine for massing in moist partial shade. May unifoliata. One-leaf Foamflower. 8 in. White. Shade. Moist locations. Clusters of feathery white blossoms.	60	2 00	12 00
TRADESCANTIA bracteata. Bracted Spiderwort. 4 to 12 in.	75	2 50	15 00
Pastel orchid. Good for the shady rock-garden. May, June pilosa. Zig-Zag Spiderwort. 1 to 3 ft. Lilac-blue. Part shade. Good for the partly shaded border. June-Sep-	75	2 50	
tember	60	2 00	12 00
virginiana. Spiderwort. 2 ft. Deep blue blossoms all summer in the open sun virginiana nana. Dwarf form of Virginiana. Blue. Shade.	60	2 00	12 00
Good for the shady rock-garden	60	2 00	12 00
TRIENTALIS americana. Starflower. 6 in. Dainty white flowers in June in the open woods	60	2 00	12 00
UVULARIA grandiflora. Big Merrybells. Largest of the Merrybells, with bright yellow flowers. May perfoliata. Wood Merrybells. Pale yellow flowers on	60	2 00	12 00
1-foot stems in rich woods in May sessilifolia. Little Merrybells. Pale yellow flowers. May	60 60	$\begin{array}{c} 2\ 00 \\ 2\ 00 \end{array}$	$12\ 00$ $12\ 00$
VACCINIUM vitus-idæa minus. Mountain Cranberry. Rare, arctic, low-growing evergreen ground-cover with small, shining leaves and rose-colored blossoms followed by dark red berries. An excellent rock-garden plant. Must have acid soil. Pot grown 75c each			
VERBENA hastata. Blue Vervain. 3 to 4 ft. Blue flowers			
on slender spikes along our roadsides and brooks in August	60	2 00	12 00
VERNONIA altissima. Ironweed. 4 to 6 ft. Deep purple flowers in August in moist, open spots	60	2 00	12 00
VERONICA officinalis. Common Speedwell. Creeping plant with bright blue flowers along our woodland paths virginica. Culvers-root. Long spikes of white flowers on	60	2 00	12 00
2 to 3-foot stalks in midsummer, in either sun or shade	75	2 50	15 00
VINCA minor. Common Periwinkle. This blue Myrtle has become naturalized and is one of the best low ground-covers. March-June	60	2 00	12 00
VIOLA blanda. Sweet White Violet. Flowers in earliest			
spring canadensis. Canada Violet. A large Violet growing 1 foot tall in rich woods. Flowers are white with the	60	2 00	12 00
back of the petals tinged with violet-purple. May	60	2 00	12 00
conspersa. Dog Violet. Light lavender Violet of the open fields. May	60	2 00	12 00

HARDY NATIVE WILD FLOWERS and GROUND-COVER PLANTS, continued

VIOLA cucullata. Blus Marsh Violet. Large blue-violet	3	12	100
flowers on 6-inch stems. May	0 60	\$2 00	\$12 00
fimbriatula. Ovate-leaved Violet. A deep purple, low-		2.00	10.00
growing Violet that covers our dry pasture hills. May	60	$2\ 00$	12 00
hastata. Halberd-leaved Yellow Violet. A creeping Violet		0.50	15.00
common to our southern Appalachians. May	75	2 50	15 00
lanceolata. Lanceleaf Violet. Sweet white Violet of our	60	2 00	12 00
damp, sandy fields. May	60	200	12 00
palmata. Palm Violet. A large-flowering blue Violet	60	2 00	12 00
sometimes tinged with white. May pedata bicolor. Two-color Birdsfoot Violet. The best	00	200	12 00
rock-garden Violet. Upper petals dark violet, lower			
petals lavender. Blossoms in May and again in late			
August and September. Requires acid soil. Sun	90	3 00	20 00
pedata lineariloba. Lilac Birdsfoot Violet. Large laven-			
der flowers with bright yellow centers. For the sunny			
rock-garden. Acid soil. May and again in fall. Sun	75	2 50	15 00
primulifolia. Primrose-leaved. White Violet. A white			
Violet from the southern mountains. May	75	2 50	$15\ 00$
pubescens. Downy Yellow Violet. Tall yellow Violet of	- 22		10.00
the rich woods. Blossoms in May	60	2 00	$12\ 00$
rostrata. Long-spurred Violet. 4 to 8 in. Violet spotted	00	0.00	10.00
with deeper violet. Shade. A very good variety	60	2 00	12 00
rotundifolia. Roundleaf Yellow Violet. Tiny yellow flow-			
ers before the leaves. Large, bright green leaves in summer	60	2 00	12 00
striata. Pale or Striped Violet. 6 to 12 in. Corolla white	00	2 00	12 00
and yellow. Moist, shady locations. April, May	75	2 50	15 00
WALDSTEINIA fragarioides. Barren Strawberry. 3 in. Yel-		200	1000
low. Glossy foliage. An excellent ground-cover. May	60	2 00	12 00
10 11. Glossy lonage. All excellent ground-cover. May	00	200	12 00

12	Actæa alba. White Baneberry	1.					\$2 50
12	Clintonia borealis. Bluebead						2 00
12	Dalibarda repens. Dalibarda						2 50
12	Mitchella repens. Partridgeberry						2 00
12	Hepatica triloba. Roundlobe Hepatica .						2 50
12	Phlox divaricata. Blue Phlox						2 00
12	Mertensia virginica. Virginia Bluebells						2 00
12	Sanguinaria canadensis. Bloodroot						2 00
12	Trillium grandiflorum. Snow Trillium .						2 00
	Plants			,			010 70



Viola pedata lineariloba (Lilac Birdsfoot Violet) See page 22

	COLLECTION H. Native Violets
12 12	Viola blanda. Sweet White Violet\$2 00Viola pedata lineariloba. Lilac Birdsfoot Violet2 50Viola pedata bicolor. Two-color Birdsfoot Violet3 00Viola rotundifolia. Roundleaf Yellow Violet2 00
48	Violets
	This Collection for \$8.00 or half the Collection for \$4.50



Epigæa repens (Trailing Arbutus) See page 14

Isaac Langley Williams

Exeter Wild Flower Gardens
EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE